

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes Griffiths Equipment Limited

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 3

Issue Date: **24/08/2020** Print Date: **25/08/2020** S.GHS.NZL.EN

Chemwatch: **5420-48** Version No: **2.1.1.1** Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Droduct	Idantifiar

i roddot identinier				
Product name	630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes			
Synonyms	630022; 630062; Product Code: 31042			
Proper shipping name	SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains acetone)			
Other means of identification	Not Available			

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Glass cleaner water repellent.		
	Use according to manufacturer's directions.		

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Registered company name	Griffiths Equipment Limited	BWI		
Address	19 Bell Ave, Mount Wellington Auckland 1060 New Zealand	1500 Ferntree Gully Road VIC 3180 Australia		
Telephone	+64 9 525 4575	+61397306000		
Fax	Not Available	Not Available		
Website	www.griffithsequipment.co.nz	Not Available		
Email sales@griffithsequipment.co.nz info@brownwatson.com.au				

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ NATIONAL POISONS CENTRE
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 POISON or 0800 764-766
Other emergency telephone numbers	International: +64 3 479-7227

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification [1]	Flammable Liquid Category 3, Flammable Solid Category 1
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	3.1C, 4.1.1A

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

. ,	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	Flammable solid.

Chemwatch: 5420-48 Page 2 of 10 Issue Date: 24/08/2020 Version No: 2.1.1.1

Print Date: 25/08/2020 630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.				
P233	Keep container tightly closed.				
P240	round and bond container and receiving equipment.				
P241	Jse explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment.				
P242	Use non-sparking tools.				
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.				
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.				

Precautionary statement(s) Response

• ' '	·
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use water jets to extinguish.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name		
67-64-1	3-7	acetone		
Not Available	balance	Ingredients determined not to be hazardous		
Not Available		includes		
7732-18-5	>60	water		

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 Generally not applicable. If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	 Generally not applicable. If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. Generally not applicable.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

► Generally not applicable.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Ingestion

Extinguishing media

For SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or foam. For LARGE FIRES: Water-spray, fog or foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known.

Advice for firefighters

- ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Fire Fighting Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Chemwatch: 5420-48 Page 3 of 10 Issue Date: 24/08/2020 Version No: 2.1.1.1 Print Date: 25/08/2020

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover. If safe, switch off electrical equipment until vapour fire hazard removed. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. Avoid spraying water onto liquid pools. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Slight hazard when exposed to heat, flame and oxidisers. Flammable solid which burns and propagates flame easily, even when partly wetted with water. Any source of ignition, i.e. friction, heat, sparks or flame, may cause fire or explosion. May burn fiercely May form explosive mixtures with air. May REIGNITE after fire is extinguished. Containers may explode on heating Solids may melt and flow when heated or involved in a fire. Runoff may pollute waterways. Fire/Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust, particularly clouds of dust in a confined or unventilated space as dusts may form an explosive mixture with air. Dust clouds generated by the fine grinding of the solid are a particular hazard; accumulations of fine dust may burn rapidly and fiercely if ignited. Dry dust can be charged electrostatically by turbulence, pneumatic transport, pouring, in exhaust ducts and during transport, thereby providing a source of ignition. Decomposition products may be irritating, poisonous or corrosive. Articles and manufactured articles may constitute a fire hazard where polymers form their outer layers or where combustible packaging remains in place. Certain substances, found throughout their construction, may degrade or become volatile when heated to high temperatures. This may create a

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

secondary hazard.

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills

- Remove all ignition sources. DO NOT touch or walk through spilled material
- Clean up all spills immediately Avoid contact with skin and eyes
- Prevent dust cloud.
- With clean shovel (preferably non-sparking) place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely. Move containers from spill area

 - ▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
 - Clean up all spills immediately.
 - Secure load if safe to do so.
 - Bundle/collect recoverable product.
 - Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.
 - ► Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
 - Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
 - DO NOT touch or walk through spilled material
 - ▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
 - Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
 - ▶ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
 - Increase ventilation.
 - Stop leak if safe to do so.
 - · Contain or cover with sand, earth or vermiculite.
 - Use only spark-free shovels and explosion proof equipment.
 - ▶ Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.
- Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal. **Major Spills**
 - Wash area with water and dike for later disposal; prevent runoff into drains.
 - After clean up operations, decontaminate and launder all protective clothing and equipment before storing and re-using. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.
 - Clean up all spills immediately.
 - Wear protective clothing, safety glasses, dust mask, gloves.
 - ▶ Secure load if safe to do so. Bundle/collect recoverable product.
 - Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.
 - Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use).
 - Water may be used to prevent dusting.
 - Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.
 - Flush spill area with water.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of overexposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.

Chemwatch: 5420-48 Page 4 of 10 Issue Date: 24/08/2020 Version No: 2.1.1.1

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

Print Date: 25/08/2020

- Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
- DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.
- ► DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils.
- Avoid smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
- When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke
- Avoid contact with incompatible materials
- Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
- Avoid physical damage to containers.
- Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
- Working clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
- Use good occupational work practice.
- Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.

FOR MINOR QUANTITIES:

- Store in an indoor fireproof cabinet or in a room of noncombustible construction.
- Provide adequate portable fire-extinguishers in or near the storage area.

FOR PACKAGE STORAGE:

- Store in original containers in approved flame-proof area.
- No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources
- DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapours may be trapped.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store away from incompatible materials in a cool, dry, well ventilated area.
- Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.

Other information

- Protect containers from exposure to weather and from direct sunlight unless: (a) the packages are of metal or plastic construction; (b) the packages are securely closed are not opened for any purpose while in the area where they are stored and (c) adequate precautions are taken to ensure that rain water, which might become contaminated by the dangerous goods, is collected and disposed of safely.
- Ensure proper stock-control measures are maintained to prevent prolonged storage of dangerous goods.
- Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- Store away from incompatible materials.
- ▶ Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Generally packaging as originally supplied with the article or manufactured item is sufficient to protect against physical hazards. If repackaging is required ensure the article is intact and does not show signs of wear. As far as is practicably possible, reuse the original

packaging or something providing a similar level of protection to both the article and the handler.

For low viscosity materials and solids:

Drums and jerricans must be of the non-removable head type.

Where a can is to be used as an inner package, the can must have a screwed enclosure.

For materials with a viscosity of at least 2680 cSt. (23 deg. C): Suitable container

- ▶ Removable head packaging and
 - cans with friction closures may be used.

Where combination packages are used, there must be sufficient inert absorbent material to absorb completely any leakage that may occur. unless the outer packaging is a close fitting moulded plastic box and the substances are not incompatible with the plastic.

All combination packages for Packing group I and II must contain cushioning material.

No restriction on the type of containers. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all material is clearly labelled.

Storage incompatibility

- Avoid reaction with oxidising agents, bases and strong reducing agents.
- Avoid strong acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides and chloroformates.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	acetone	Acetone	500 ppm / 1185 mg/m3	2375 mg/m3 / 1000 ppm	Not Available	bio-Exposure can also be estimated by biological monitoring.

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3	
acetone	Acetone	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH		
acetone	2,500 ppm	2,500 ppm		Not Available	
		Not Available			

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

For large scale or continuous use

- F Spark-free, earthed ventilation system, venting directly to the outside and separate from usual ventilation systems
- Provide dust collectors with explosion vents

Articles or manufactured items, in their original condition, generally don't require engineering controls during handling or in normal use.

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

Issue Date: 24/08/2020 Print Date: 25/08/2020

Exceptions may arise following extensive use and subsequent wear, during recycling or disposal operations where substances, found in the article, may be released to the environment. Personal protection Safety glasses with side shields Chemical goggles Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption Eye and face protection and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent] Skin protection See Hand protection below Neoprene and PVC gloves are suitable aswell. Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves. Hands/feet protection Wear physical protective gloves, e.g. leather. Wear safety footwear. See Other protection below **Body protection** Overalls. Eyewash unit. Other protection Barrier cream.

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the computer-

Skin cleansing cream.

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

Material	СРІ
BUTYL	A
BUTYL/NEOPRENE	С
CPE	С
HYPALON	С
NATURAL RUBBER	С
NATURAL+NEOPRENE	С
NEOPRENE	С
NITRILE	С
NITRILE+PVC	С
PE/EVAL/PE	С
PVA	С
PVC	С
PVDC/PE/PVDC	С
SARANEX-23	С
SARANEX-23 2-PLY	С
TEFLON	С
VITON	С
VITON/NEOPRENE	С

^{*} CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Respiratory protection

Type AX Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	Air-line*	AX-2	AX-PAPR-2 ^
up to 20 x ES	-	AX-3	-
20+ x ES	-	Air-line**	-

^{* -} Continuous-flow: ** - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 deaC)

Respiratory protection not normally required due to the physical form of the product.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Wipes containing liquid with a slight fruity odour; soluble in water. Physical state Relative density (Water = 1) 0.99 Manufactured

^{^ -} Full-face

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

Issue Date: **24/08/2020**Print Date: **25/08/2020**

Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	5-7	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	>27 (CC)	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Flammable.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. Generally not applicable.
Skin Contact	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.
Eye	The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.
Chronic	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Repellent Wipes	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	=1159 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (human): 500 ppm - irritant
	10 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbit): 20mg/24hr -moderate
	12000 $\mathrm{mg/kg^{[2]}}$	Eye (rabbit): 3.95 mg - SEVERE
	3100 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]
	4000-8000 mg/kg ^[2]	Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24hr - mild
	500 mg/kg $^{[2]}$	Skin (rabbit):395mg (open) - mild
acetone	5000 mg/kg ^[2]	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
	5000 mg/kg $^{[2]}$	
	5600-8000 mg/kg ^[2]	
	8000 mg/kg ^[2]	
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 20000 mg/kg ^[2]	
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 100.2 mg/l/8hr ^[2]	
	Oral (mouse) LD50: 3000 mg/kg ^[2]	

Chemwatch: **5420-48** Page **7** of **10**

Version No: **2.1.1.1**

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

Issue Date: **24/08/2020**Print Date: **25/08/2020**

	Oral (rat) LD50: =5800 mg/kg ^[2] Oral (rat) LD50: =8450 mg/kg ^[2] Oral (rat) LD50: 1800-7300 mg/kg ^[2]		
water	TOXICITY Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg ^[2]	IRRITATION Not Available	
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances		
ACETONE	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. For acetone: The acute toxicity of acetone is low. Acetone is not a skin irritant or sensitizer, but it removes fat from the skin, and it also irritates the eye. Animal testing shows acetone may cause macrocytic anaemia. Studies in humans have shown that exposure to acetone at a level of 2375 mg/cubic metre has not caused neurobehavioural deficits.		
WATER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in liter	rature search.	
Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 y − Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	LC50	96	Fish	5-540mg/L	2
acetone	EC50	48	Crustacea	6098.4mg/L	5
	NOEC	240	Crustacea	1-866mg/L	2
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
water	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:	V3.12 (QSAR	n 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Re) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EP (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japa	A, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Da	ta 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard A	

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
acetone	LOW (Half-life = 14 days)	MEDIUM (Half-life = 116.25 days)
water	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
acetone	LOW (BCF = 0.69)
water	LOW (LogKOW = -1.38)

Mobility in soil

•	
Ingredient	Mobility
acetone	HIGH (KOC = 1.981)
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

Issue Date: 24/08/2020 Print Date: 25/08/2020

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.

Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.

► Recycle wherever possible.

- Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or Incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material)
- Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package. The package must be disposed according to the manufacturer's directions taking into account the material it is made of. Packages which hazardous content have been appropriately treated and removed may be recycled.

The hazardous substance must only be disposed if it has been treated by a method that changed the characteristics or composition of the substance and it is no longer hazardous. DO NOT deposit the hazardous substance into or onto a landfill or a sewage facility.

Burning the hazardous substance must happen under controlled conditions with no person or place exposed to

- (1) a blast overpressure of more than 9 kPa; or
- (2) an unsafe level of heat radiation.

The disposed hazardous substance must not come into contact with class 1 or 5 substances.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required



Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	1Z

Land transport (UN)

UN number	3175		
UN proper shipping name	SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains acetone)		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 4.1 Subrisk Not Applicable		
Packing group			
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 216; 274 Limited quantity 1 kg		

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	3175		
UN proper shipping name	Solids containing flammable liquid, n.o.s. * (contains acetone)		
	ICAO/IATA Class	4.1	
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subrisk	Not Applicable	
	ERG Code	3L	
Packing group			
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
	Special provisions		A46
	Cargo Only Packing In	estructions	448
	Cargo Only Maximum		50 kg
Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo	Packing Instructions	445
	Passenger and Cargo	Maximum Qty / Pack	15 kg
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y441
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	5 kg

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	3175
UN proper shipping name	SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains acetone)

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

Issue Date: **24/08/2020**Print Date: **25/08/2020**

Transport hazard class(es)		4.1Not Applicable
Packing group	II	
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
Special precautions for user	EMS Number Special provisions Limited Quantities	

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002528	Cleaning Products (Flammable) Group Standard 2017

acetone is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

water is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantity (Closed Containers)	Quantity (Open Containers)
3.1C	500 L in containers greater than 5 L 1500 L in containers up to and including 5 L	250 L 250 L
4.1.1A	1 kg	1 kg

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
4.1.1A	100 kg

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC	Yes
Australia Non-Industrial Use	No (acetone; water)
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (acetone; water)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - ARIPS	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

Chemwatch: 5420-48 Page 10 of 10 Issue Date: 24/08/2020 Version No: 2.1.1.1 Print Date: 25/08/2020

630022, 630062 Rain-X 2-in-1 Glass Cleaner + Rain Repellent Wipes

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	24/08/2020
Initial Date	24/08/2020

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
2.1.1.1	24/08/2020	Physical Properties

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

This document is copyright.

Apart from any fair dealing for the purposes of private study, research, review or criticism, as permitted under the Copyright Act, no part may be reproduced by any process without written permission from CHEMWATCH.

TEL (+61 3) 9572 4700.